# SSA EQUALITY IMPACT AND NEEDS ANALYSIS

Directorate	Children's services
Service Area	
Service/policy/function being	Independent Travel Training
assessed	
Which borough (s) does the	Wandsworth
service/policy apply to	
Staff involved	
Date approved by Directorate	
Equality Group (if applicable)	
Date approved by Policy and Review	07/01/2021
Manager	
All EINAs must be signed off by the	
Policy and Review Manager	
Date submitted to Directors' Board	

#### **SUMMARY**

### Please summarise the key findings of the EINA.

The current Independent Travel Training (ITT) Service is outsourced to the Haringey Association for Independent Living (HAIL) which has not been meeting its targets.

An in-house ITT is proposed, with the aims of boosting and fulfilling demand and making more efficient use of time and financial resources.

Because the current service has not sufficiently provided access to ITT (2 young people trained in FY 2020-21 so far) all protected groups are underrepresented.

The proposed in-house service should positively impact all of these groups by providing access to ITT for the backlog of young people and adults that can benefit.

## 1. Background

## Briefly describe the service/policy or function:

- The policy details shifting ITT, to support people from the age of 11, from an outsourced contract to in-house. Young people receiving SEN travel assistance will be properly assessed for ITT at the age of 14.
- Combining the service for Adults and Children allows staff to be utilised more efficiently

- The function is to boost availability and access for those who need it.
- It will produce budget savings through increased utilisation of trainer time and economies of scale by delivering across Adults Social Care and Children's Services.
- Through reducing reliance on specialised/additional bus travel and taxi travel, the service will also have a positive impact on the carbon footprint of the council.

## 2. Analysis of need and impact

Diversity data has not been collected for users of the current HAIL service. There is only one current user.

Only limited data on protected characteristics/demographics of potential service users has been collected. We have identified the age, gender, ethnicity and religion of 9 students of Garratt Park school who are current home-to-school service users and can be considered as a potential user group for the new ITT service. As the sample size is small, it may not be fully representative and limited conclusions can be drawn from comparisons with borough-level data.

Protected group	Findings
Age	GLA 2020 data - Borough Level Data:
	0 to 15 <b>17.8</b> %
	16 to 64 <b>72.6%</b>
	65 and over <b>9.6%</b>
	Garratt Park home-to-school users:
	Aged 15: <b>2</b>
	Aged 16: <b>4</b>
	Aged 17: <b>3</b>
	Home-to-school users:
	Our sample suggests that the majority of our new
	service users will be over the age of 15 and getting
	ready to transition into adulthood. This age group
D' - I 'l' -	aligns with the largest age group in the borough.
Disability	ONS 2011 census data - Borough Level Data:
(physical or	44 00/ (whom down a down out with a one limited by
mental	11.2% (where day-to-day activities are limited, by a
impairment or health problem	little or a lot).
that affects daily	
life)	
Gender (sex)	ONS 2011 census data - Borough Level Data:

	Male: 48%	
	Female: <b>52%</b>	
	Female: <b>52%</b>	
	Home-to-school users:	
	Our sample group has 6 males (~67%) and 3 female	
	service users (~33%). Males are overrepresented in	
	the potential service group when compared to the	
	Borough level data.	
Gender	N/A	
reassignment		
Marriage and civil partnership	GLA 2019 data - Borough Level Data:	
	Divorced: 6.5%	
	Civil Partnership: 0.6%	
	Married: <b>32.6%</b>	
	Separated: 2.5%	
	Single: <b>54.2</b> %	
	Widowed: <b>3.7</b> %	
Pregnancy and	PHOF 2016 data - Borough Level Data:	
maternity		
matorinty	Live births per 1000 females (15-44): <b>54.11</b>	
Race/ethnicity	GLA 2020 data - Borough Level Data:	
Traco, our morey	OE ( 2020 data	
	Black: <b>10.7</b> %	
	Asian: 11.3%	
	Other Ethnic Minorities: <b>7.8</b> %	
	White British and White Irish: <b>50.5</b> %	
	Other White: 19.5	
	Cutor write. 1919	
	Home-to-school users:	
	White British and White Irish: 5 (~55.5%)	
	Black: 2 (~22.2%)	
	Asian: 1 (~11.1%)	
	Mixed/Other ethnic minorities: 1 (~11.1%)	
	wixed/Other ethilonities. I (~11.170)	
	Our sample suggests diversity levels of potential users	
	that broadly align with the borough-level	
	demographics. There is a slight overrepresentation of	
	Black users in our small sample and there are no	
	persons from Other White ethnic backgrounds.	
	First in the case of the case	
Religion and	GLA 2019 data - Borough Level Data:	
belief, including		
non-belief	Buddhist 0.8%	
	Christian: 53%	
	Hindu: 2.1%	
	·	

	Jewish: <b>0.5%</b>
	Muslim: <b>8.1%</b>
	Sikh: <b>0.3%</b>
	Other: <b>0.4%</b>
	No religion: 27%
	Home-to-school users:
	No religion: <b>4 (~44.4%)</b>
	Christian: 4 (~44.4%)
	Muslim: 1 (~11.1%)
	The sample has 3 represented beliefs. "No religion" is
	overrepresented in our sample compared to the overall
	borough level data.
	-
Sexual	ONS annual population survey 2017
orientation	
	Approximately 2% of the national population identify as
	LGB (data inconclusive as often undeclared).
Across groups	N/A
i.e older LGBT	
service users or	
bme young men	

## Data gaps.

Data gap(s)	How will this be addressed?
Equalities Monitoring Data is lacking for	The new service will need to collect
current service and potential users of	and report service user data.
the new service.	

## 3. Impact

## **Positive Impact**

The current ITT service has never met targets of training 20 young people a year. Moving to the new service will dramatically increase access to services across all characteristics and protected groups.

## **Neutral Impact**

Those with special needs who could not access previous services, may still feel unable to participate in the new ITT service. To minimise this, the new service will ensure assessment of individual needs occurs at age 14 for children with SEND.

Protected	Positive	Negative
Age	Yes - Access to ITT increased - promotes independence and confidence, access to activities, education, employment. Promotes community involvement, social integration and feeling safer in their community.  Receiving training before moving into adulthood age will help reduce needs for extra involvement from adult social services.  Age 14 ITT assessments will be made essential - currently not being carried out.  An integrated service delivery model across Adults Social Care and Children's services will boost availability across age groups through achieving economies of scale and increasing travel trainer	Changing provider may cause some disruption which will need to be managed. Because of lack of current availability, this is likely to be minimal or have no negative effect.
Disability	utilisation.  Yes - promotes independence and confidence, access to activities, education, employment. Promotes community involvement,	As above.

	social integration and feeling	
	safer in their community.	
Gender (sex)	Yes - As Above.	As above.
Gender	<b>Yes -</b> As above.	As above.
reassignment		
Marriage and	Yes - As above.	As above.
civil		
partnership		
Pregnancy	<b>Yes -</b> As above.	As above.
and maternity		
Race/ethnicity	Yes - As above.	As above.
Religion and	Yes - As above.	As above.
belief,		
including non-		
belief		
Sexual	<b>Yes -</b> As above.	As above.
orientation		

## 4. Actions

Action	Lead Officer	Deadline
Ensure that any young person engaged in the current service is transferred to the new service efficiently and without long delay.		
Carry out age 14 assessments on children with SEND to fix the data gap in the current service.		
Gather equalities monitoring data for people using the new service, filling the data gap for ITT users.		