

Local Plan Review

Consultation on the Publication Draft Local Plan

10 January to 28 February 2022

RESPONSE FORM

The Council is inviting comments over a seven-week period on the Publication version of the Local Plan.

The Draft Local Plan sets out a vision and spatial strategy to guide the development of the borough from 2023, when the Plan is anticipated to be adopted, to 2038. It sets out key objectives for the borough, which are supported by planning policies, area strategies, and – at the smallest scale – detailed guidance for the development of specific sites. Collectively, these identify where development should be targeted and set out how the borough's neighbourhoods and places will change over the next 15 years.

This consultation is the final opportunity to comment on the Local Plan before it is submitted to the Secretary of State for independent 'examination in public'. At this stage in the planmaking process, in accordance with the national guidance, consultation responses should focus on whether the Local Plan has been developed in compliance with the relevant legal and procedural requirements, including the duty to cooperate, and with the 'soundness' of the Plan. Further detail on these concepts is provided in the accompanying guidance notes provided at the end of the form.

How to respond

Please read the consultation documents and other background information made available on the Local Plan website: <u>http://www.wandsworth.gov.uk/draft-local-plan-publication</u>

You can respond by completing this form, either electronically using Word or as a print out, and sending it to the Council by:

- Email to planningpolicy@wandsworth.gov.uk
- <u>Post</u> to Planning Policy and Design, Environment and Community Services, Town Hall, Wandsworth High Street, Wandsworth, SW18 2PU.

Alternatively, you can also make comments on the draft Local Plan online via our Consultation Portal, which is accessible at the website listed above.

All responses must be received by **11.59pm on Monday 28 February 2022**. The consultation is open to everyone; however please note that responses will not be treated as confidential and those submitted anonymously will <u>not</u> be accepted.

Part A: Personal Details				
	1. Personal details*	2. Agent's details (if applicable)		
Title		Miss		
First name	-	Emily		
Last name	-	Disken		
Job title (where relevant)		Senior Planner		
Organisation (where relevant)	DTZ Investment Management	Montagu Evans		
Address		70 St Mary Axe London		
Postcode		EC3A 8BE		
Telephone				
E-mail address				

*If an agent is appointed, please complete only the title, name and organisation boxes for the respondent and complete the full contact details for the agent.

Part B: About You				
3. Please tell us about yourself or who you are responding on behalf of.				
Do you live in the borough?	Yes 🗌	No 🖂		
Do you work in the borough?	Yes 🗌	No 🖂		
Do you run a business in the borough?	Yes 🗌	No 🖂		
Are you a student in the borough?	Yes 🗌	No 🖂		
Are you a visitor to the borough?	Yes 🗌	No 🖂		

Data protection

Information provided in this form will be used fairly and lawfully and the Council will not knowingly do anything which may lead to a breach of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) (2018).

All responses will be held by the London Borough of Wandsworth. They will be handled in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) (2018). Responses will not be treated as confidential and will be published on our website and in any subsequent statements; however, personal details like address, phone number or email address will be removed.

For further details regarding your privacy please see the Council's information published at: www.wandsworth.gov.uk/privacy

Part C: Your Response					
4. Do you consider the Local Plan is:					
4.1 Legally compliant	Yes 🖂	No 🗌			
4.2 Sound	Yes 🗌	No 🖂			
4.3 Complies with the duty to co-operate	Yes 🖂	No 🗌			
Further information on these terms is included within the accompound at the end of the response form.	npanying guidance	note, which can be			
If you have entered 'No' to 4.2, please continue with Q5. O	therwise, please g	jo to Q6.			
5. Do you think the Local Plan is <u>unsound</u> because it is <u>not</u>	<u>:</u>				
(Please tick all that apply)					
5.1 Positively prepared	\boxtimes				
5.2 Justified					
5.3 Effective					
5.4 Consistent with national policy	\boxtimes				
6. Please give details of why you think the Local Plan is no and/or fails to comply with the duty to co-operate.	t legally complian	t and/or is unsound			
Please make it clear which consultation document your comments relate to and, where applicable, please include the relevant policy name/number, the site allocation name/reference, the Policies Map change, and/or the paragraph number. Please be as precise as possible.					
If you wish to provide comments in support of the legal compliance and/or soundness of the Local Plan, or its compliance with the duty to co-operate, please use this box to set out your comments.					
Please note your response should provide succinctly all the information, evidence and supporting information necessary to support / justify the response. After this stage, further submission will only be at the request of the Inspector, based on the matters and issues they identify for examination.					
Please refer to accompanying letter.					

Please continue on a separate sheet / expand the box if necessary.

7. Please set out the modification(s) you consider necessary to make the Local Plan legally compliant and sound, when considering any legal compliance or soundness matter you have identified at 5 above.

Please note that non-compliance with the duty to co-operate is incapable of modification at examination.

You will need to say why each modification will make the Local Plan legally compliant or sound. It will be helpful if you are able to put forward your suggested revised wording of any policy or text. Please be as precise as possible.

Please note your response should provide succinctly all the information, evidence and supporting information necessary to support / justify the suggested change. After this stage, further submission will only be at the request of the Inspector, based on the matters and issues they identify for examination.

Please refer to accompanying letter.

Please continue on a separate sheet / expand the box if necessary.

8. If you are seeking a modification to the plan, do you consider it necessary to participate in examination hearing session(s)? (Please tick box as appropriate)

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No, I do not wish to participate in hearing session(s)

Yes, I wish to participate in hearing session(s)

Please note that while this will provide an initial indication of your wish to participate in hearing session(s), you may be asked at a later point to confirm your request to participate.

9. If you wish to participate in the hearing session(s), please outline why you consider this to be necessary:

Please note the Inspector will determine the most appropriate procedure to adopt to hear those who have indicated that they wish to participate in hearing session(s). You may be asked to confirm your wish to participate when the Inspector has identified the matters and issues for examination.

Please refer to accompanying letter.

Please continue on a separate sheet / expand the box if necessary.

If you are not on our consultation database and you respond to this consultation, your details will be added to the database. This allows us to contact you with updates on the progression of the Local Plan and other planning policy documents.

If you do not wish to be added to our database or you would like your details to be removed, then please tick this box.

Signature:	Montagu Evans LLP	Date:	28 February 2022
For electronic responses a typed signature			
is acceptable.			



Local Plan Publication Consultation

Guidance Notes to accompany the Representation Form

Introduction

1. The plan has been published by the Local Planning Authority [LPA] in order for representations to be made on it before it is submitted for examination by a Planning Inspector. The Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, as amended [PCPA] states that the purpose of the examination is to consider whether the plan complies with the relevant legal requirements, including the duty to co-operate, and is sound. The Inspector will consider all representations on the plan that are made within the period set by the LPA.

2. To ensure an effective and fair examination, it is important that the Inspector and all other participants in the examination process are able to know who has made representations on the plan. The LPA will therefore ensure that the names of those making representations can be made available (including publication on the LPA's website) and taken into account by the Inspector.

Legal Compliance

3. You should consider the following before making a representation on legal compliance:

- The plan should be included in the LPA's current Local Development Scheme [LDS] and the key stages set out in the LDS should have been followed. The LDS is effectively a programme of work prepared by the LPA, setting out the plans it proposes to produce. It will set out the key stages in the production of any plans which the LPA proposes to bring forward for examination.
- The process of community involvement for the plan in question should be in general accordance with the LPA's Statement of Community Involvement [SCI] (where one exists). The SCI sets out the LPA's strategy for involving the community in the preparation and revision of plans and the consideration of planning applications.
- The LPA is required to provide a Sustainability Appraisal [SA] report when it publishes a plan. This should
 identify the process by which SA has been carried out, and the baseline information used to inform the
 process and the outcomes of that process. SA is a tool for assessing the extent to which the plan, when
 judged against reasonable alternatives, will help to achieve relevant environmental, economic and social
 objectives.
- The plan should be in general conformity with the London Plan.
- The plan should comply with all other relevant requirements of the PCPA and the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012, as amended [the Regulations].

Duty to Co-operate

4. You should consider the following before making a representation on compliance with the duty to co-operate:

- Section 33A of the PCPA requires the LPA to engage constructively, actively and on an ongoing basis with neighbouring authorities and certain other bodies over strategic matters during the preparation of the plan. The LPA will be expected to provide evidence of how they have complied with the duty.
- Non-compliance with the duty to co-operate cannot be rectified after the submission of the plan. Therefore, the Inspector has no power to recommend modifications in this regard. Where the duty has not been complied with, the Inspector cannot recommend adoption of the plan.

Soundness

5. The tests of soundness are set out in paragraph 35 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF). Plans are sound if they are:

- Positively prepared providing a strategy which, as a minimum seeks to meet the area's objectively assessed needs, and is informed by agreements with other authorities, so that unmet need from neighbouring authorities is accommodated where it is practical to do so and is consistent with achieving sustainable development;
- Justified an appropriate strategy, taking into account the reasonable alternatives, and based on proportionate evidence;
- Effective deliverable over the plan period and based on effective joint working on cross-boundary strategic matters that have been dealt with rather than deferred, as evidenced by the statement of common ground; and
- Consistent with national policy enabling the delivery of sustainable development in accordance with the policies in the NPPF.

6. If you think the content of the plan is not sound because it does not include a policy on a particular issue, you should go through the following steps before making representations:

- Is the issue with which you are concerned already covered specifically by national planning policy (or the London Plan)? If so, does not need to be included?
- Is the issue with which you are concerned already covered by another policy in this plan?
- If the policy is not covered elsewhere, in what way is the plan unsound without the policy?
- If the plan is unsound without the policy, what should the policy say?

General advice

7. If you wish to make a representation seeking a modification to the plan or part of the plan you should set out clearly in what way you consider the plan or part of the plan is legally non-compliant or unsound, having regard as appropriate to the soundness criteria in paragraph 5 above. Your representation should be supported by evidence wherever possible. It will be helpful if you also say precisely how you think the plan should be modified.

8. You should provide succinctly all the evidence and supporting information necessary to support your representation and your suggested modification. You should not assume that you will have a further opportunity to make submissions. Any further submissions after the plan has been submitted for examination may only be made if invited by the Inspector, based on the matters and issues he or she identifies.

9. Where groups or individuals share a common view on the plan, it would be helpful if they would make a single representation which represents that view, rather a large number of separate representations repeating the same points. In such cases the group should indicate how many people it is representing and how the representation has been authorised.

10. Please consider carefully how you would like your representation to be dealt with in the examination: whether you are content to rely on your written representation, or whether you wish to take part in hearing session(s). Only representors who are seeking a change to the plan have a right to be heard at the hearing session(s), if they so request. In considering this, please note that written and oral representations carry the same weight and will be given equal consideration in the examination process.

PD12679/.JE/ED



70 St Mary Axe London EC3A 8BE

25 February 2022

Planning Policy Environment and Community Services Town Hall Wandsworth High Street London SW18 2PU

Sent via email to planningpolicy@wandsworth.gov.uk

Dear Sir / Madam,

'PUBLICATION' DRAFT LOCAL PLAN (REGULATION 19) CONSULTATION REPRESENTATIONS IN RESPECT OF SHOPSTOP AT CLAPHAM JUNCTION, 1-20 ST JOHN'S HILL, BATTERSEA, LONDON, SW11 1RU

These representations are submitted by Montagu Evans LLP on behalf of our client, DTZ Investment Management Limited in respect of the site at ShopStop at Clapham Junction, 1-20 St John's Hill, Battersea, London, SW11 1RU ('the Site').

We refer to the client as 'DTZIM' / 'the Client' in the remainder of this letter. Representations were made on behalf of the Client in respect of the consultation exercise on the draft Regulation 18 Local Plan in March 2021. We attach a copy of these representations at **Appendix 1** for reference.

These representations are submitted on behalf of the Client in respect of the current consultation exercise on the Local Plan Publication (Regulation 19) Version as they wish to maintain their position as an interested stakeholder in the redevelopment of Clapham Junction.

BACKGROUND AND CONTEXT TO THESE REPRESENTATIONS

These representations relate to the Site which is located in Clapham Junction Town Centre but also consider more broadly the future of the wider Clapham Junction Town centre area.

The Client's involvement in the Site dates back to November 2018, when the Client purchased the Site on behalf of Strathclyde Pension Fund. A red line site plan is enclosed at Appendix 1 illustrating the extent of the Client's ownership. A five storey office building occupied by the PCS Union ('the PCS Building') is adjacent to the eastern boundary of the Site but sits outside of the Client's ownership.

The Site as existing comprises of part two, part three, part four storey buildings, providing retail, leisure, and office accommodation. The retail accommodation is split into 19 units, a number of which front on to St John's Hill. The remainder are accessed via the main shopping centre and retail entrances from St John's Hill. A gym is provided at first floor level with a separate access from the junction of St John's Hill and Prested Road. The office accommodation sits above the retail area, and is arranged over three floors. The Junction Public House is located within the western boundary of the Site.

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Montagu Evans LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales with registered number OC312072. Registered office 70 St Mary Axe London EC3A 8BE. A list of members' names is available at the above address.



The existing commercial accommodation on the Site benefits from high occupancy rates. The main shopping centre trades well, as a result of high pedestrian footfalls generated by those walking through the shopping centre to and from Clapham Junction Rail Station. However, the poor and outdated design of the commercial accommodation means that it no longer meets contemporary retail requirements or serves the community need expected of such a prominent site within the town centre.

The Site also comprises the main entrance and ticket office of Clapham Junction Station, which is owned by Network Rail and is accessed through the shopping centre from St. John's Hill. This entrance gives direct access to the pedestrian tunnel which runs beneath the platforms. Clapham Junction Station constitutes a major transport hub on the Wessex Route of the national rail network and, with approximately 2,000 train movements a day, is the busiest interchange station in Europe.

Prior to the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, the station suffered from congestion and overcrowding, exacerbated by the doubling of passenger numbers in the last 10 years. There is a clear incentive to redevelop the Site, to bring forward much needed improvements to the station to address pedestrian capacity issues alongside other key benefits including the provision of high-quality public realm, active retail frontages and a building of civic quality befitting of its location as gateway to the largest rail station in the Borough.

Since October 2019, a series of meetings have been held between the Client team (managed by the Development Manager, Sovereign Centros) and Network Rail to ensure that any future development on the Site does not prejudice Network Rail's long-term plans to deliver improvements to the station.

We have reviewed the relevant sections of the draft Regulation 19 Local Plan and set out our position on the sections below.

AREA STRATEGY FOR CLAPHAM JUNCTION AND YORK ROAD / WINSTANLEY REGENERATION AREA

The Publication Draft Local Plan defines the boundary of the Clapham Junction Opportunity Area ('OA') to identify the areas with the greatest potential of change over the plan period. Our Client supports the inclusion of the Site within the OA boundary, and the recognition of the potential to deliver new homes and jobs in the earlier phases.

EMERGING POLICY PM4: CLAPHAM JUNCTION AND YORK ROAD/WINSTANLEY REGENERATION AREA

Emerging Policy PM4 provides guidance on how sustainable development will be delivered within the Clapham Junction and York/Winstanley Regeneration Area with a focus on Place-making, Smart Growth and People First.

Part A. 3 of the emerging Policy PM4 explains that the Council will work in collaboration with Network Rail, TfL, the local community and other stakeholders to prepare the Urban Heart Masterplan for Clapham Junction, comprising Clapham Junction Station and adjoining Site Allocations to improve its role as a major rail and public transport interchange, and unlock capacity for new homes and jobs and to better integrate it with the wider Town Centre and the York Road/Winstanley Regeneration Area.

The Site acts as a gateway to the largest rail station in the Borough and occupies a prominent position within Clapham Junction Town Centre, and therefore on behalf of our Client we welcome the inclusion of the Site within the proposed Urban Heart masterplan boundary to help unlock capacity for growth. Our Client has already undertaken regular engagement with Network Rail and other key stakeholders since 2019 and is keen to continue to take a collaborative approach to help facilitate the preparation of the masterplan.



Part A, Point 9 of emerging Policy PM4 states that:

"Development must be sensitive to local character by <u>maintaining</u> and <u>respecting</u> the proportions, scale and coherence of existing terraced streets, shop frontages and listed buildings and their settings." <u>(our emphasis added)."</u>

On behalf of our Client, we are of the view that this proposed policy wording has the potential to overly constrain new development which should instead be encouraged to seek to optimise the use of previously developed land and find sensitive ways to respond to existing character. We therefore suggest that this part of Policy PM4 is re-worded. Our additional wording is set out in red below:

"Development must be sensitive to local character by maintaining having regard to and respecting being respectful of the proportions, scale and coherence of existing terraced streets, shop frontages and listed buildings and their settings."

Part B of Policy PM4 (Clapham Junction and York Road / Winstanley Regeneration Area) relates to inclusive growth and outlines that development within Clapham Junction and York Road/Winstanley Regeneration Area has capacity to provide 2,995 homes by 2032/2033, over the first 10 years of the Plan period. In line with the growth objective of the Clapham Junction OA, we are of the view that these figures should be stated as a minimum which the Council should seek to exceed in order to ensure that housing growth is accommodated in areas with the greatest public transport connectivity and capacity in the Borough. Our Client also seeks clarification to be provided within the policy wording as to whether the 2,995 figure will exclude the up to 2,550 homes to be delivered as part of the approved masterplan for the Winstanley and York Road regeneration (ref. 2019/0024).

SITE ALLOCATION CJ2 (CLAPHAM JUNCTION STATION APPROACH, SW11)

The Site is allocated within the 'Publication' Draft Local Plan under emerging site allocation CJ2 (Clapham Junction Station Approach, SW11). Our Client continues to support the allocation including our Client's site and the PCS Building, which sits outside of the Client's ownership, and welcomes the revision to the site allocation boundary to incorporate the Junction Public House.

EMERGING POLICY LP16: PUBLIC HOUSES AND BARS

Emerging Policy LP16 resists the loss of public houses and bars and seeks to protect public houses and bars of historic or architectural interest and/or community value from demolition and/or change of use.

It is stated at Part B of the Policy that:

- B. Proposals involving the loss of public houses and bars must demonstrate that:
- 1. no historic or architectural interest would be lost; and

2. the public house/bar has no community value and is not viable as a pub/bar or that it could not be used for another social or community use by requiring a full and proper marketing exercise for a period of at least 24 months in line with the requirements set out at Appendix 1 of this Plan.

Though our Client concurs with the current thrust of emerging Policy LP16 in that the absolute loss of pubs across the Borough would be unacceptable, we would propose that the policy is amended to allow for re-provision of new high-quality



replacement public houses within major regeneration sites where wider regeneration benefits can be demonstrated. In light of this, we would suggest that additional Part C within Policy LP16 as follows:

"C. Where public houses fall within major regeneration sites allocated for comprehensive redevelopment within the Local Plan, the loss of public houses may be considered acceptable provided that the public house use is reprovided as part of any new scheme."

EMERGING POLICY LP4: TALL BUILDINGS AND THE COUNCIL'S URBAN DESIGN STUDY

Approach to Tall Buildings

Part of the Site is identified within Appendix 2 of the draft Publication Local Plan as falling within Tall Building Zone TB-B5-01, where the existing prevailing height is defined as 2-8 storeys, and appropriate heights for development defined as 7-15 storeys (21-45m).

Part D of emerging Policy LP4 states that:

"Proposals for tall buildings should not exceed the appropriate height range identified for each of the tall building zones as set out at Appendix 2 to this Plan. The height of tall buildings will be required to step down towards the edges of the zone as indicated on the relevant tall building map unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this would not result in any adverse impacts including on the character and appearance of the local area."

On behalf of our Client, we are of the view that this wording provides an overly prescriptive approach to the consideration of tall buildings. Applying such constraints in those areas of the borough identified for substantial growth over the plan period and beyond is likely to be harmful to meeting the Plan's proposed objectives in particularly those of the opportunity area designations. This is because it fails to recognise that to achieve the desired growth envisaged by the Plan and meet housing targets, it will be necessary to permit buildings which are taller than their existing context. The location of the greatest density within the Borough should take into account both social and economic reasons alongside design considerations.

We note that over recent years permissions have been granted for substantially taller buildings in many parts of the borough including Battersea/Nine Elms, Wandsworth Town Centre and Lombard Road which exceed the maximum height permitted within any proposed tall building zone. It follows that further tall buildings in excess of 25 storeys in the borough are likely to be appropriate and this should be acknowledged and the potential growth directed to those locations where it will assist in achieving the Plan's wider objectives.

In granting these consents, judgments were made as to the acceptability of tall buildings and high-density development based upon a range of factors, not just townscape considerations as suggested by the draft policy. Therefore, in our view, emerging Policy LP4 needs to provide positive guidance to landowners and developers on how other factors beyond just pre-existing townscape context will help to inform the acceptable massing of schemes in the areas where the greatest growth is expected and the role that masterplans can have in this consideration.

The plan includes some acknowledgment at supporting Para 14.26 of the Publication Local Plan where it states that *"height is not the only one consideration when assessing the acceptability of a planning application and whether it is of high-quality design and makes a positive contribution within its context"*. However, on behalf of our Client we suggest a revised policy wording which makes explicit reference to the relevant other factors to the consideration of tall buildings including ensuring that developments can viably deliver the identified public benefits that the draft plan seeks.



The revised policy wording should acknowledge the significant role of masterplans in establishing appropriate massing on relevant sites defined by the Council, particularly those in growth areas such as OAs. The limitations of relying solely on the Council's Urban Design Study to make a judgement on appropriate heights within the Borough should be stated within the Policy.

Approach to Mid-rise Buildings

Part of the Site fronting St John's Road is located within 'Mid-rise Building Zone MB-B5-02', with appropriate heights for development defined as 6 storeys (18m). Part H. of Emerging Policy LP4 states that: *"Proposals for mid-rise buildings should not exceed the appropriate height identified within the relevant mid-rise building zones as identified at Appendix 2 of this Plan."*

On behalf of our Client, we re-iterate the comments made in relation to the approach to tall buildings above, in that the emerging policy should make explicit reference to the planning balance for a sounder approach to the acceptability of midrise buildings.

Emerging Policy LP4 goes on to state that:

"F. Proposals for mid-rise buildings will be supported in tall and mid-rise building zones identified at Appendix 2, where the development would:

- 1. be located and designed in order to create a step down between the proposed development and buildings within the surrounding area;
- 2. respond appropriately in height, scale and massing to existing buildings in the surrounding area, and protect or enhance heritage assets, including their settings;
- respect the scale, width and proportion of adjacent buildings, streets and watercourses, and local character, and avoid adverse effects on key characteristics, valued features and sensitivities as identified in the relevant character area profile set out in the Council's Urban Design Study (2021); and
- 4. provide a varied and interesting roofline, respond to surrounding architectural styles, avoid the creation of long homogeneous blocks of development and create active frontages at ground floor level.
- G. Proposals for mid-rise buildings will not be permitted outside the identified tall and mid-rise building zones."

On behalf of our Client, we note that emerging Policy LP4 has become more restrictive since the 'Pre-Publication' (Regulation 18) version of the Plan was published. Our client considers that this new addition to the tall building controls should again include recognition especially in relation to Part H that there will be some sites where a more flexible approach will be required to ensure that appropriate development that achieves the wider objectives of the plan can be supported.

SUMMARY

These representations are submitted on behalf of DTZIM in respect of ShopStop at Clapham Junction, 1-20 St John's Hill, Battersea, London, SW11 1RU which is located in Clapham Junction Town Centre ('the Site'). DTZIM are currently exploring options to redevelop the Site.



DTZIM have requested that we make representations on the 'Publication' Draft Local Plan to assist with assessing the development potential of the Site and to ensure its development is consistent with the vision and objectives of the Area Spatial Strategy for Clapham Junction and the growth envisaged by the Opportunity Area.

On behalf of our Client, we welcome the greater recognition of the OA designation within the Publication Draft Plan and support the Site's inclusion within the defined OA boundary. Our Client also welcomes the emphasis within the Plan of the master-planning exercise in setting out a clear strategy for accommodating the growth envisaged by the OA designation. DTZIM are keen to continue to work collaboratively with Network Rail and other key stakeholders to facilitate the master-planning process and support the inclusion of the Site within the Urban Heart Masterplan boundary.

However, the principle points in respect of these representations are in respect of the approach to tall buildings which our Client notes has become more restrictive following the Regulation 18 consultation. As outlined in our previous representations, the Plan should make clear that it seeks a planning balance that examines the potential for townscape harm set beside other significant benefits that a development might offer, and also take into account the visions for areas and key planning objectives and direct development where it will assist in delivering these objectives.

The Plan should provide sensible criteria to assess the acceptability of tall buildings, and acknowledge the significant role of masterplans in establishing appropriate massing on relevant sites defined by the Council if the growth envisaged by the Plan and OA designations is to be achieved.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss the content of these representations further with the London Borough of Wandsworth and are keen to be involved in the forthcoming examination process. In the meantime, should you wish to discuss any of the above please do not hesitate to contact either Jeremy Evershed or Emily Disken

in the first instance.

Yours sincerely,

MONTAGU EVANS LLP

PD12679/JE/ED



70 St Mary Axe London EC3A 8BE

25 February 2022

Planning Policy Environment and Community Services Town Hall Wandsworth High Street London SW18 2PU

Sent via email to planningpolicy@wandsworth.gov.uk

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These representations are submitted on behalf of the Client in respect of the current consultation exercise on the Local Plan Publication (Regulation 19) Version as they wish to maintain their position as an interested stakeholder in the redevelopment of Clapham Junction.

BACKGROUND AND CONTEXT TO THESE REPRESENTATIONS

These representations relate to the Site which is located in Clapham Junction Town Centre but also consider more broadly the future of the wider Clapham Junction Town centre area.

The Client's involvement in the Site dates back to November 2018, when the Client purchased the Site on behalf of Strathclyde Pension Fund. A red line site plan is enclosed at Appendix 1 illustrating the extent of the Client's ownership. A five storey office building occupied by the PCS Union ('the PCS Building') is adjacent to the eastern boundary of the Site but sits outside of the Client's ownership.

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Since October 2019, a series of meetings have been held between the Client team (managed by the Development Manager, Sovereign Centros) and Network Rail to ensure that any future development on the Site does not prejudice Network Rail's long-term plans to deliver improvements to the station.

We have reviewed the relevant sections of the draft Regulation 19 Local Plan and set out our position on the sections below.

AREA STRATEGY FOR CLAPHAM JUNCTION AND YORK ROAD / WINSTANLEY REGENERATION AREA

The Publication Draft Local Plan defines the boundary of the Clapham Junction Opportunity Area ('OA') to identify the areas with the greatest potential of change over the plan period. Our Client supports the inclusion of the Site within the OA boundary, and the recognition of the potential to deliver new homes and jobs in the earlier phases.

EMERGING POLICY PM4: CLAPHAM JUNCTION AND YORK ROAD/WINSTANLEY REGENERATION AREA

Emerging Policy PM4 provides guidance on how sustainable development will be delivered within the Clapham Junction and York/Winstanley Regeneration Area with a focus on Place-making, Smart Growth and People First.

Part A. 3 of the emerging Policy PM4 explains that the Council will work in collaboration with Network Rail, TfL, the local community and other stakeholders to prepare the Urban Heart Masterplan for Clapham Junction, comprising Clapham Junction Station and adjoining Site Allocations to improve its role as a major rail and public transport interchange, and unlock capacity for new homes and jobs and to better integrate it with the wider Town Centre and the York Road/Winstanley Regeneration Area.

The Site acts as a gateway to the largest rail station in the Borough and occupies a prominent position within Clapham Junction Town Centre, and therefore on behalf of our Client we welcome the inclusion of the Site within the proposed Urban Heart masterplan boundary to help unlock capacity for growth. Our Client has already undertaken regular engagement with Network Rail and other key stakeholders since 2019 and is keen to continue to take a collaborative approach to help facilitate the preparation of the masterplan.



Part A, Point 9 of emerging Policy PM4 states that:

"Development must be sensitive to local character by <u>maintaining</u> and <u>respecting</u> the proportions, scale and coherence of existing terraced streets, shop frontages and listed buildings and their settings." <u>(our emphasis added)."</u>

On behalf of our Client, we are of the view that this proposed policy wording has the potential to overly constrain new development which should instead be encouraged to seek to optimise the use of previously developed land and find sensitive ways to respond to existing character. We therefore suggest that this part of Policy PM4 is re-worded. Our additional wording is set out in red below:

"Development must be sensitive to local character by maintaining having regard to and respecting being respectful of the proportions, scale and coherence of existing terraced streets, shop frontages and listed buildings and their settings."

Part B of Policy PM4 (Clapham Junction and York Road / Winstanley Regeneration Area) relates to inclusive growth and outlines that development within Clapham Junction and York Road/Winstanley Regeneration Area has capacity to provide 2,995 homes by 2032/2033, over the first 10 years of the Plan period. In line with the growth objective of the Clapham Junction OA, we are of the view that these figures should be stated as a minimum which the Council should seek to exceed in order to ensure that housing growth is accommodated in areas with the greatest public transport connectivity and capacity in the Borough. Our Client also seeks clarification to be provided within the policy wording as to whether the 2,995 figure will exclude the up to 2,550 homes to be delivered as part of the approved masterplan for the Winstanley and York Road regeneration (ref. 2019/0024).

SITE ALLOCATION CJ2 (CLAPHAM JUNCTION STATION APPROACH, SW11)

The Site is allocated within the 'Publication' Draft Local Plan under emerging site allocation CJ2 (Clapham Junction Station Approach, SW11). Our Client continues to support the allocation including our Client's site and the PCS Building, which sits outside of the Client's ownership, and welcomes the revision to the site allocation boundary to incorporate the Junction Public House.

EMERGING POLICY LP16: PUBLIC HOUSES AND BARS

Emerging Policy LP16 resists the loss of public houses and bars and seeks to protect public houses and bars of historic or architectural interest and/or community value from demolition and/or change of use.

It is stated at Part B of the Policy that:

- B. Proposals involving the loss of public houses and bars must demonstrate that:
- 1. no historic or architectural interest would be lost; and

2. the public house/bar has no community value and is not viable as a pub/bar or that it could not be used for another social or community use by requiring a full and proper marketing exercise for a period of at least 24 months in line with the requirements set out at Appendix 1 of this Plan.

Though our Client concurs with the current thrust of emerging Policy LP16 in that the absolute loss of pubs across the Borough would be unacceptable, we would propose that the policy is amended to allow for re-provision of new high-quality



replacement public houses within major regeneration sites where wider regeneration benefits can be demonstrated. In light of this, we would suggest that additional Part C within Policy LP16 as follows:

"C. Where public houses fall within major regeneration sites allocated for comprehensive redevelopment within the Local Plan, the loss of public houses may be considered acceptable provided that the public house use is reprovided as part of any new scheme."

EMERGING POLICY LP4: TALL BUILDINGS AND THE COUNCIL'S URBAN DESIGN STUDY

Approach to Tall Buildings

Part of the Site is identified within Appendix 2 of the draft Publication Local Plan as falling within Tall Building Zone TB-B5-01, where the existing prevailing height is defined as 2-8 storeys, and appropriate heights for development defined as 7-15 storeys (21-45m).

Part D of emerging Policy LP4 states that:

"Proposals for tall buildings should not exceed the appropriate height range identified for each of the tall building zones as set out at Appendix 2 to this Plan. The height of tall buildings will be required to step down towards the edges of the zone as indicated on the relevant tall building map unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this would not result in any adverse impacts including on the character and appearance of the local area."

On behalf of our Client, we are of the view that this wording provides an overly prescriptive approach to the consideration of tall buildings. Applying such constraints in those areas of the borough identified for substantial growth over the plan period and beyond is likely to be harmful to meeting the Plan's proposed objectives in particularly those of the opportunity area designations. This is because it fails to recognise that to achieve the desired growth envisaged by the Plan and meet housing targets, it will be necessary to permit buildings which are taller than their existing context. The location of the greatest density within the Borough should take into account both social and economic reasons alongside design considerations.

We note that over recent years permissions have been granted for substantially taller buildings in many parts of the borough including Battersea/Nine Elms, Wandsworth Town Centre and Lombard Road which exceed the maximum height permitted within any proposed tall building zone. It follows that further tall buildings in excess of 25 storeys in the borough are likely to be appropriate and this should be acknowledged and the potential growth directed to those locations where it will assist in achieving the Plan's wider objectives.

In granting these consents, judgments were made as to the acceptability of tall buildings and high-density development based upon a range of factors, not just townscape considerations as suggested by the draft policy. Therefore, in our view, emerging Policy LP4 needs to provide positive guidance to landowners and developers on how other factors beyond just pre-existing townscape context will help to inform the acceptable massing of schemes in the areas where the greatest growth is expected and the role that masterplans can have in this consideration.

The plan includes some acknowledgment at supporting Para 14.26 of the Publication Local Plan where it states that *"height is not the only one consideration when assessing the acceptability of a planning application and whether it is of high-quality design and makes a positive contribution within its context"*. However, on behalf of our Client we suggest a revised policy wording which makes explicit reference to the relevant other factors to the consideration of tall buildings including ensuring that developments can viably deliver the identified public benefits that the draft plan seeks.



The revised policy wording should acknowledge the significant role of masterplans in establishing appropriate massing on relevant sites defined by the Council, particularly those in growth areas such as OAs. The limitations of relying solely on the Council's Urban Design Study to make a judgement on appropriate heights within the Borough should be stated within the Policy.

Approach to Mid-rise Buildings

Part of the Site fronting St John's Road is located within 'Mid-rise Building Zone MB-B5-02', with appropriate heights for development defined as 6 storeys (18m). Part H. of Emerging Policy LP4 states that: *"Proposals for mid-rise buildings should not exceed the appropriate height identified within the relevant mid-rise building zones as identified at Appendix 2 of this Plan."*

On behalf of our Client, we re-iterate the comments made in relation to the approach to tall buildings above, in that the emerging policy should make explicit reference to the planning balance for a sounder approach to the acceptability of midrise buildings.

Emerging Policy LP4 goes on to state that:

"F. Proposals for mid-rise buildings will be supported in tall and mid-rise building zones identified at Appendix 2, where the development would:

- 1. be located and designed in order to create a step down between the proposed development and buildings within the surrounding area;
- 2. respond appropriately in height, scale and massing to existing buildings in the surrounding area, and protect or enhance heritage assets, including their settings;
- respect the scale, width and proportion of adjacent buildings, streets and watercourses, and local character, and avoid adverse effects on key characteristics, valued features and sensitivities as identified in the relevant character area profile set out in the Council's Urban Design Study (2021); and
- 4. provide a varied and interesting roofline, respond to surrounding architectural styles, avoid the creation of long homogeneous blocks of development and create active frontages at ground floor level.
- G. Proposals for mid-rise buildings will not be permitted outside the identified tall and mid-rise building zones."

On behalf of our Client, we note that emerging Policy LP4 has become more restrictive since the 'Pre-Publication' (Regulation 18) version of the Plan was published. Our client considers that this new addition to the tall building controls should again include recognition especially in relation to Part H that there will be some sites where a more flexible approach will be required to ensure that appropriate development that achieves the wider objectives of the plan can be supported.

SUMMARY

These representations are submitted on behalf of DTZIM in respect of ShopStop at Clapham Junction, 1-20 St John's Hill, Battersea, London, SW11 1RU which is located in Clapham Junction Town Centre ('the Site'). DTZIM are currently exploring options to redevelop the Site.



DTZIM have requested that we make representations on the 'Publication' Draft Local Plan to assist with assessing the development potential of the Site and to ensure its development is consistent with the vision and objectives of the Area Spatial Strategy for Clapham Junction and the growth envisaged by the Opportunity Area.

On behalf of our Client, we welcome the greater recognition of the OA designation within the Publication Draft Plan and support the Site's inclusion within the defined OA boundary. Our Client also welcomes the emphasis within the Plan of the master-planning exercise in setting out a clear strategy for accommodating the growth envisaged by the OA designation. DTZIM are keen to continue to work collaboratively with Network Rail and other key stakeholders to facilitate the master-planning process and support the inclusion of the Site within the Urban Heart Masterplan boundary.

However, the principle points in respect of these representations are in respect of the approach to tall buildings which our Client notes has become more restrictive following the Regulation 18 consultation. As outlined in our previous representations, the Plan should make clear that it seeks a planning balance that examines the potential for townscape harm set beside other significant benefits that a development might offer, and also take into account the visions for areas and key planning objectives and direct development where it will assist in delivering these objectives.

The Plan should provide sensible criteria to assess the acceptability of tall buildings, and acknowledge the significant role of masterplans in establishing appropriate massing on relevant sites defined by the Council if the growth envisaged by the Plan and OA designations is to be achieved.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss the content of these representations further with the London Borough of Wandsworth and are keen to be involved in the forthcoming examination process. In the meantime, should you wish to discuss any of the above please do not hesitate to contact either Jeremy Evershed or Emily Disken

n the first instance.

Yours sincerely,



MONTAGU EVANS LLP

APPENDIX 1 – REPRESENTATIONS TO REGULATION 18 CONSULTATION



70 St Mary Axe London EC3A 8BE

DD12670/ IE/ED

1 March 2021

Planning Policy Environment and Community Services Town Hall Wandsworth High Street London SW18 2PU

Sent via email to planningpolicy@wandsworth.gov.uk

Dear Sir / Madam,

'PRE-PUBLICATION' DRAFT LOCAL PLAN (REGULATION 18) CONSULTATION

REPRESENTATIONS IN RESPECT OF SHOPSTOP AT CLAPHAM JUNCTION, 1-20 ST JOHN'S HILL, BATTERSEA, LONDON, SW11 1RU

These representations are submitted by Montagu Evans LLP on behalf of our client, DTZ Investment Management Limited in respect of the site at ShopStop at Clapham Junction, 1-20 St John's Hill, Battersea, London, SW11 1RU ('the Site').

We refer to the client as 'DTZIM' / 'the Client' in the remainder of this letter. The representations are submitted on behalf the Client in respect of the current consultation exercise on the 'Pre-Publication' Draft Local Plan as they wish to maintain their position as an interested stakeholder in the redevelopment of Clapham Junction.

BACKGROUND AND CONTEXT TO THESE REPRESENTATIONS

These representations relate to ShopStop at Clapham Junction, 1-20 St John's Hill, Battersea, London, SW11 1RU which is located in Clapham Junction Town Centre but also consider more broadly the future of the wider Clapham Junction Town centre area.

The Client's involvement in the Site dates back to November 2018, when the Client purchased the Site on behalf of Strathclyde Pension Fund. A red line site plan is enclosed at Appendix 1 illustrating the extent of the Client's ownership. A five storey office building occupied by the PCS Union ('the PCS Building') is adjacent to the eastern boundary of the Site but sits outside of the Client's ownership.

The Site comprises of part two, part three, part four storey buildings, providing retail, leisure, and office accommodation. The retail accommodation is split into 19 units, a number of which front on to St John's Hill. The remainder are accessed via the main shopping centre and retail entrances from St John's Hill. A gym is provided at first floor level with a separate access from the junction of St John's Hill and Prested Road. The office accommodation sits above the retail area, and is arranged over three floors.

The existing commercial accommodation on the Site benefits from high occupancy rates. The main shopping centre trades well, as a result of high pedestrian footfalls generated by those walking through the shopping centre to and from Clapham

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Junction Rail Station. However, the poor and outdated design of the commercial accommodation means that it no longer meets contemporary retail requirements or serves the community need expected of such a prominent site within the town centre.

The Site also comprises the main entrance and ticket office of Clapham Junction Station, which is owned by Network Rail and is accessed through the shopping centre from St. John's Hill. This entrance gives direct access to the pedestrian tunnel which runs beneath the platforms. Clapham Junction Station constitutes a major transport hub on the Wessex Route of the national rail network and, with approximately 2,000 train movements a day, is the busiest interchange station in Europe.

Prior to the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, the station suffered from congestion and overcrowding, exacerbated by the doubling of passenger numbers in the last 10 years. There is a clear incentive to redevelop the Site, to bring forward much needed improvements to the station to address pedestrian capacity issues alongside other key benefits including the provision of high-quality public realm, active retail frontages and a building of civic quality befitting of its location as gateway to the largest rail station in the Borough.

Since October 2019, a series of meetings have been held between the Client team (managed by the Development Manager, Sovereign Centros) and Network Rail to ensure that any future development on the Site does not prejudice Network Rail's long-term plans to deliver improvements to the station. The Client team intends to continue working collaboratively with Network Rail, with the view of submitting a planning application for the redevelopment of the Site next summer.

On behalf of our Client we wish to fully understand the intentions of the Regulation 18 'Pre-Publication' Version Draft Local Plan and to ensure the Site is appropriately represented in LBW's Development Plan going forward. Accordingly we have reviewed the content of the 'Pre-Publication' Version Draft Local Plan and our assessment of the emerging policies applicable to the Site is set out in the sections below.

AREA SPATIAL STRATEGY FOR CLAPHAM JUNCTION

The 'Pre-Publication' Draft Local Plan contains spatial strategies for the areas of greatest change within the Borough, which provide a framework for how new development in these areas should be designed and planned for in order to meet the vision and objectives of the Local Plan.

Whilst our Client is generally supportive of the Vision for Clapham Junction, which includes the delivery of 21st century urban heart and providing inclusive and connected public realm, our Client considers that the Vision should be widened to include greater aspiration for the soon-to-be designated Opportunity Area ('OA') under the new London Plan. Table 2.1 of the Publication London Plan identifies an indicative capacity for 2,500 new homes and 2,500 new jobs the Clapham Junction OA over the plan period.

Our Client notes that Policy SD1 of the Publication London Plan requires that Boroughs clearly set out how they will encourage and deliver the growth potential of OAs, and support development which creates employment opportunities and housing choice for Londoners. Therefore, the Council must consider their plan making duties in the round and develop a clear vision for where growth is to be directed. The current wording of the 'Pre-publication' draft Local Plan fails to acknowledge this potential for growth which represents a missed opportunity to proactively plan to realise the Mayor's vision for an ambitious, imaginative and inclusive approach to development in OAs.

In light of this, our Client suggests that supporting paragraph 6.1 of the Area Spatial Strategy for Clapham Junction is reworded, with additional wording set out in red below:



"6.1 ...The Clapham Junction and York Road/Winstanley Regeneration Area is identified in the omerging [adopted] London Plan as a nascent Opportunity Area reflecting the significant growth opportunities offered by the Crossrail 2 project and/or the potential for upgrading the existing station at Clapham Junction. Whilst at this time a master planning exercise for the area is considered premature, the The Area Strategy would will be used to inform any future masterplan which will set out a clear strategy for accommodating growth to deliver the new homes, jobs and infrastructure envisaged by the Opportunity Area designation. or development proposals that come forward in the near-term." This will be informed by a programme of engagement and collaboration with key stakeholders to unlock sites and drive the right sort of development to deliver housing choice, employment opportunities and the necessary social and other infrastructure."

The proposed amended wording to supporting paragraph 6.1 outlined above recognises the benefits of a master-planning exercise early in the plan-making process to set out a clear strategy for accommodating the growth envisaged by the OA designation. Although the Publication London Plan acknowledges that it may take some of the 'nascent' or 'ready to grow' Opportunity Areas 10-15 years to fully mature, the new Local Plan is set to guide development in the Borough over the plan period of 2023 – 2038 and therefore a master-planning exercise at this early stage will have clear benefits for guiding development throughout the plan period.

EMERGING ALLOCATION: CJ2 CLAPHAM JUNCTION STATION APPROACH, SW11

The Site is allocated within the 'Pre-Publication' Draft Local Plan under emerging site allocation CJ2 (Clapham Junction Station Approach, SW11). Our Client continues to support the allocation including our Client's site and the PCS Building, which sits outside of the Client's ownership.

Emerging site allocation CJ2 promotes a mixed use development including residential and offices, and also business, hotel, cultural, leisure and entertainment. DTZIM are supportive of the uses considered appropriate as set out within the site allocation. Our Client is producing a Vision document which will articulate the vision and key aims of any future redevelopment including the following:

- developing a 21st century urban heart which focuses on an improved transport interchange and delivers a high-quality mixed-use development;
- creating a generosity of public space that provides a sense of place and identity for those using the station;
- creating permeability and legibility between the site and the wider town centre and improved station access based on pedestrian desire lines;
- enhancing the retail offer allowing for the station to become a welcome location for meeting friends or holding business meetings;
- ensuring that any proposals form part of the vision for the ongoing regeneration of the wider area;
- enhancing the area's cultural and creative character by ensuring that development makes provision for cultural, creative, visual and performing arts and other forms of community innovation; and
- providing both for additional housing but also increased workspace.



Our Client is keen to ensure that the vision for the redevelopment of the Site is consistent with the objectives of the Area Spatial Strategy for Clapham Junction and emerging site allocation CJ2 (Clapham Junction Station Approach, SW11).

Our Client supports the identification of the potential of the Site to deliver new jobs and homes in the early phases of the London Plan. It is considered that this would contribute to the delivery of much-needed homes and jobs and transform the experience of those who use Clapham Junction Rail Station in the short-to-medium term. Given the current issues with the configuration of the station access and lack of permeability through the Site from the rest of Clapham Junction Town Centre, it is considered that the delivery of a scheme within the early stages of the Plan should be incorporated into any master-planning exercise commissioned by the Council.

As outlined above, collaborative work has already been undertaken with Network Rail to ensure that this does not prejudice any future development of the main Clapham Junction site and it is our Client's intention to continue this engagement as the Client team work towards commencing the preparation and submission of a planning application for the redevelopment of the Site.

PUBLIC SPACE AND PERMEABILITY

Emerging site allocation CJ2 seeks the delivery of a new public space that acts as meeting space to be considered as part of any development proposal, preferably in conjunction with the main entrance to the station. The emerging site allocation also stipulates that any future proposals should include a considered, landscape-led public realm, and integrate with the town centre. This is reflected in the Clapham Junction and York Road/Winstanley Regeneration area diagrams provided at pg.199 and pg. 200 of the Pre-Publication Draft Local Plan which include suggested locations for new public open spaces and suggested/proposed new routes through the Site.

The provision of new public space on the Site should be well-considered, sufficient to be enjoyed by the public and those who use the station and should not comprise a series of token spaces purely to satisfy policy. Our Client would suggest that the public space to be provided is focused on the centre of the Site, as this would deliver the most benefits of those using the station. As a result of this, the smaller circle which currently shows the provision of new public open space within the western part of the Site could be omitted, and replaced with a suggested / proposed new route to indicate permeability between St John's Hill and the main public realm at the core of the Site. The constrained nature of the Site needs to be recognised when considering opportunities for the provision of public space which will need to be balanced against the other objectives of the emerging site allocation CJ2.

Any suggested / proposed new routes through the Site should have regard to pedestrian desire lines from the station to the rest of the town centre and Lavender Hill. Our Client supports the consideration of this through the development of a masterplan, which should be informed by an understanding of the urban grain of Clapham Junction Town Centre, and undertaken in consultation with Network Rail.

EMERGING POLICY LP4: TALL BUILDINGS AND THE COUNCIL'S URBAN DESIGN STUDY

The principle points within these representations are in respect of the approach to tall buildings which we note will be further informed by the outcomes of the Regulation 18 consultation, as set out at paragraph 14.47 of the 'Pre-Publication' Draft Local Plan.

Emerging Policy LP4 relates to Tall Buildings in the Borough. Part A of the Policy states that proposals will trigger assessment against the detailed criteria in this policy where they meet or exceed the local definitions of tall buildings as set out in Appendix 2 [Table 1] of the 'Pre-Publication' Draft Local Plan.



The Site is identified within Appendix 2 of the 'Pre-Publication' Draft Local Plan as being located within an area with 'opportunities for tall buildings within town centres and along strategic routes'. Whilst our Client supports the identification of the Site as being located within an area identified as having opportunities for tall buildings, it is proposed that Clapham Junction Town Centre is identified as an area with 'Opportunities for tall building clusters and/or landmarks' and that Appendix 2 is amended accordingly.

The Site is located at a historic junction and convergence of routes, where a landmark building would aid wayfinding and mark Clapham Junction Town Centre. Paragraph 14.48 of the 'Pre-Publication' Draft Local Plan defines what is considered to be a 'landmark' building as:

"...a building or structure that stands out from its background by virtue of height, size or some other aspect of design. Landmark buildings, in townscape terms effectively act as a pointer to guide people around the borough and makes a significant contribution to local distinctiveness."

The characteristics of the Site, as noted, are consistent with the qualities identified by the Council in relation to sites where landmark buildings may be appropriate; it marks the convergence of major routes within the designated Clapham Junction Town Centre, at the Clapham Junction Interchange, and at a point of prominence in the topographical and urban structure of the area. As Europe's busiest interchange station, the potential of Clapham Junction to evolve and grow should be recognised, a view which is shared by the Mayor given its Opportunity Area designation. Our Client also notes that Wandsworth Town Centre includes in part an area identified with 'Opportunities for tall building clusters and/or landmarks', and believes that Clapham Junction warrants this, particularly given its higher transport accessibility rating.

With regard to the criteria set out within the 'Pre-Publication' Draft Local Plan, the Site is located within Sub-Area B5, where the local definition of a tall building is considered as 6 storeys or above, which is based upon *prevailing* heights in the surrounding area (*our emphasis*). Paragraph 3.9.3 of the [adopted] London Plan states that *"in large areas of extensive change, such as Opportunity Areas, the threshold for what constitutes a tall building should relate to the evolving (not just the existing) context."* In light of this, Appendix 2 and emerging Policy LP4 should have greater regard to locations within the Borough with the potential to accommodate significant growth in the plan period and tall building definitions revised as appropriate.

Part B of emerging Policy LP4 sets out that proposals for tall buildings may be considered appropriate where the development would not result in any adverse visual, functional, environmental and cumulative impacts, having regard to and complying with the criteria set out in Parts C and D of the [adopted] London Plan Policy D9. This part of the policy also provides a series of criteria which any proposals for tall buildings should address. We have reviewed the wording of this part of the policy and provide suggested amended wording in red below:

B. Proposals for tall buildings may be appropriate in locations identified in Appendix 2 [Figures 2-10] as being 'Opportunities for tall building clusters and/or landmarks' and 'Opportunities for tall buildings within town centres and along strategic routes', where the development would not result in any adverse unacceptable visual, functional, environmental and cumulative impacts, having regard to and complying with the criteria set out in Parts C and D of the emerging London Plan Policy D9. In addition, proposals for tall buildings should address the following criteria:

Visual Impacts

1. The design of tall buildings should respect the special qualities or characteristics of identified key view corridors towards strategic landmarks across the borough and in neighbouring boroughs, including distinctive roof line



features. The siting of tall buildings should have regard to the location and visual setting of heritage assets, including any important views and Tall buildings should not obscure important views of nearby heritage assets, and should avoid altering the skyline by becoming features of the backdrop. Effects on heritage assets (including through development in their setting) will be assessed under policy LP3.

2. The location of tall buildings should avoid substantial visual interruptions in areas with otherwise very consistent building and/or roof lines.

3. In case of landmark tall buildings, the development should successfully respond to the analysis of key view corridors towards the site to ensure the location, form and detailing accentuate its prominence within the wider context. In case of other tall buildings, the development should respect the surrounding context and preserve the hierarchy of existing prominent view corridors.

4. In case of landmark tall buildings, proposals should consider the design of the lower, middle and upper parts of the tall building and how they work together and with the surrounding area and mid-range and long-range views.

5. Proposals should be supported with graphic 3D modelling to assess the individual and cumulative impact of the proposal on both the existing and emerging skyline. The 3D modelling must also incorporate buildings with extant planning permission to ensure that the future nature of views is considered in a holistic way.

6. In case of tall buildings located near to or within existing tall building clusters, the proposal should follow the established principles of group composition including through the provision of noticeable stepping down in height around cluster edges.

Spatial Hierarchy

7. The massing of tall buildings should respect the proportions to of their local environment, including the consideration of the width of adjacent streets as well as public open spaces, parks and watercourses, and should be designed so as not overwhelm the street and adjacent context.

8. In case of landmark buildings, the design and location of development should consider their role in wayfinding, such as, acting as landmarks or gateway features marking town centres or local centres.

9. In case of tall buildings located close to the street edge, proposals should incorporate measures to soften their edges and provide positive public spaces at their base through the use of generous walkways and mature planting."

It is suggested that Part B (2) of emerging Policy LP4 is struck out as the current wording makes no allowance for emerging character and is inherently in conflict with the identification of the Opportunity Area.

We also consider that Part E of emerging Policy LP4 should be amended. Our suggested text is provided in red below:

"E. Proposals for tall buildings should be guided by the height identified in the Council's Urban Design Study. give consideration to the evolving townscape context, visual impact and the findings of the Urban Design Study alongside consideration of viability, regeneration potential of the area, capacity of the area to accommodate development and public transport accessibility, and any relevant planning policy designations (such as



Opportunity Areas) for future growth. With regard to each of these considerations, proposals for tall building will be considered on a case-by-case basis and a balanced planning judgement made in respect of proposals."

The current wording of Part E of emerging Policy LP4 places too much reliance on the Urban Design Study ('UDS') prepared by Arup, a document which provides high level guidance with regards to the design and siting of tall buildings in the Borough, and forms part of the emerging Local Plan evidence base. To our knowledge, there has been no engagement with key stakeholders or potential tall building developers during the preparation of this study, and to give it such weight in the emerging policy without meaningful engagement goes against the approach advocated within both the National Planning Policy Framework and London Plan.

Our Client considers that the UDS is not sufficient in itself to guide heights and densities within the Borough as it is limited to a consideration of design and siting of tall buildings based upon a consideration of the existing character of the local character areas identified within the document. This is acknowledged to some extent at Appendix A (pg. 206) of the UDS where it is stated that *"the scenarios developed are prepared solely for the purpose of testing additional height and density at a site and are not intended to be viable site specific masterplan proposals."* The deliverability of sites allocated within the plan is critical in order for the Council to meet their housing and employment targets. For policy to rely, to the extent that it does, on a study that does not reflect the deliverability of sites is not in our view a sound approach and we would therefore propose that the UDS is attributed considerably less weight in the wording of Policy LP4.

Appendix A (pg.206) of the UDS goes on to state that *"in all cases, further analysis will be required to determine actual proposals for individual sites on the basis of detailed review and analysis of the specific local context which is not part of the scope of this borough-wide study."* It is appropriate that this statement of need for further analysis is reflected in the provisions of Part E of emerging Policy LP4.

The indicative massing model for Clapham Junction Station Approach presents a 'medium density' scenario with building heights ranging between 6 and 15 storeys as 'appropriate in principle' in the context of Clapham Junction Conservation Area and landmark buildings' (p.221). By 'landmark buildings' we understand the UDS to refer to the listed Falcon Hotel Public House, the Arding and Hobbs store, and the Clapham Grand. However, the redevelopment of the Site, even at a lesser scale than that shown in the UDS, would occlude the *'unfolding view of Clapham Junction from the railway from Waterloo, with the view of the towers in the Clapham Grand signalling arrival at the station'* - identified as an important view at p.82 of the UDS and which draft Policy PM4 seeks to protect.

In our Client's view, therefore, Part E of emerging Policy LP4 places undue reliance on the UDS and in so doing inherently conflicts with the requirements of draft Policy PM4. We have commented particularly on the views in question in our specific commentary on draft Policy PM4 below.

The Plan needs to be clear that judgments as to the acceptability of tall buildings and high density development will depend on a range of factors, not just townscape considerations.

Our Client would also note that this massing model as shown does not take into account the practicalities of access to Clapham Junction Rail Station or permeability through the site and integration with the town centre, both of which are key considerations to which any future development must have regard under emerging site allocation CJ2 (Clapham Junction Station Approach). Emerging site allocation CJ2 also seeks the delivery of a high quality civic building, improvements to the tunnel under Falcon Road, development of a high-quality landscape led public realm and re-provision of existing office space including affordable workspace, amongst other requirements. The existing commercial accommodation current trades well, and the practicality is that if the emerging policy is not sufficiently supportive of a need for a viable, deliverable



scheme then the other significant planning benefits sought by site allocation CJ2 (Clapham Station Approach) will not be realised.

The policy must make clear that it seeks a planning balance that examines the potential for townscape harm set beside other significant benefits that a development might offer, and also take into account the visions for areas and key planning objectives and direct development where it will assist in delivering these objectives. The location of the greatest density within the Borough should take into account both social and economic reasons alongside design considerations.

On the above basis, Part E of Policy LP4 should be struck out and replaced with wording along the lines of that suggested above that recognises that an assessment of a range of site-specific factors (not simply townscape considerations) are needed to be considered as part of the planning balance in order to justify a tall building.

EMERGING POLICY PM4: CLAPHAM JUNCTION AND YORK ROAD/WINSTANLEY REGENERATION AREA

Emerging Policy PM4 provides guidance on how sustainable development will be delivered within the Clapham Junction and York/Winstanley Regeneration Area with a focus on Place-making, Smart Growth and People First.

We suggest that the relevant parts of Policy PM4 are re-worded. Our additional wording is set out in red below:

A. Clapham Junction, a nascent Opportunity Area, has the potential to promote and encourage sustainable development. Development, at identified growth locations, will be supported where:

1. mixed use is proposed with an emphasis on residential, commercial development and town centre uses;

2. height and massing are appropriate and conform to the approach for tall buildings; [See suggested wording above in relation to tall building approach].

3. active travel is promoted and challenges for broader connectivity are addressed that help improve safety and make routes direct and attractive to Clapham Junction;

4. public transport interchange is facilitated and promoted;

5. heritage and landmark buildings are incorporated into development proposals to enhance their contribution to place identity;

6. views and vistas, established in the Urban Design Study (2020), are respected and or enhanced;

7. public realm and open space provision, accessible to all, complements the hierarchy within the Area Strategy;

8. high quality green features will be incorporated into new developments to help connected green and blue infrastructure throughout the borough; and

9. infrastructure can take advantage of district heating, sustainable urban drainage and digital connectivity.

K. New development will be expected to protect conserve or enhance the defining qualities / special characteristics of important views and vistas in the area as identified in the Urban Design Study, including comprising:

1. vistas across mature open green spaces;



2. including the unfolding the experience of arrival at Clapham Junction view of Clapham Junction from the railway from Waterloo, with the view of the towers in the Clapham Grand signalling arrival at the town centre from at the station;

2. north along Northcote Road to the Northcote Road Baptist Church;

3. from the railway bridge in St John's Hill to the buildings stepping up Lavender Hill indicating the valley of Falcon Brook;

4. to the landmark St Mark's Church (within Wandsworth Common character area) from Battersea Rise looking west, and from the railway; and

5. from the overbridge at Clapham Junction station towards central London landmarks including Battersea Power Station, the London Eye and the Palace of Westminster World Heritage Site.

L. Development must be sensitive to local character, by maintaining and respecting including proportions, scale and coherence of terraced streets, shop frontages and their settings. Where possible, the Council will expect proposals to reinstate traditional shop fronts to achieve consistency in appearance with the setting of the town centre and the conservation area; particularly for St John's Road and Northcote Road.

Part K of the policy states that new development will be expected to protect important views and vistas in the area however we would expect the Plan to outline why these views are considered to be important. We note that the views are described as 'valued' at pg. 82 of the UDS but this document has not been consulted on, nor are photographs of the views provided. Our Client would request that further clarity is provided within the Plan to set out the defining characteristics of important views and vistas so that new development can have regard to these.

Park K of emerging policy PM4 should also acknowledge that visual amenity can be improved through development.

EMERGING POLICY LP3: THE HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT

The suggested amended wording for Part B (1) of emerging Policy LP4 outlined earlier in these representations relies upon an assessment of the effects of tall buildings on heritage assets under emerging Policy LP3 (The Historic Environment). This policy does not currently make reference to less than substantial harm in line with the National Planning Policy Framework.

Part E of emerging Policy LP3 currently refers to substantial harm but we would suggest that this is re-worded to state:

"Development proposals involving harm to substantial harm to (or total loss of significance of) designated heritage assets (including through development in their setting) will be resisted unless it can be demonstrated that the substantial harm or total loss is necessary to achieve substantial public benefits that outweigh that harm or loss and has been clearly and convincingly demonstrated in accordance with national policy and guidance."

SUMMARY

These representations are submitted on behalf of DTZIM in respect of ShopStop at Clapham Junction, 1-20 St John's Hill, Battersea, London, SW11 1RU which is located in Clapham Junction Town Centre ('the Site'). DTZIM are currently exploring options to redevelop the Site, with the intention of submitting a planning application next Summer.



DTZIM have requested that we make representations on the 'Pre-publication' Draft Local Plan to assist with assessing the development potential of the Site and to ensure its development is consistent with the vision and objectives of the Area Spatial Strategy for Clapham Junction and emerging site allocation CJ2 (Clapham Junction Station Approach).

The existing commercial accommodation on the Site currently trades well, however, there are clear benefits to be delivered as part of any redevelopment of the Site including the provision of vastly improved public realm, active retail frontages and a delivery of buildings of a high architectural quality befitting of the location as gateway to the largest rail station in the Borough, alongside much needed improvements to the station to address pedestrian capacity issues.

On behalf of DTZIM we are generally supportive of the vision and objectives of the Area Spatial Strategy for Clapham Junction and uses considered acceptable under emerging site allocation CJ2 (Clapham Junction Station Approach). However, it is felt that the 'Pre-publication' draft Local Plan fails to clearly set out how the growth potential of the soon to be designated Clapham Junction Opportunity Area will be encouraged and accommodated and that the Council must consider their plan making duties in the round and develop a clear vision for where growth is to be directed. A master-planning exercise for Clapham Junction Station area would be beneficial in this regard.

The principle points within these representations are in respect of the approach to tall buildings which we note will be further informed by the outcomes of the Regulation 18 consultation. The Plan needs to be clear that judgments as to the acceptability of tall buildings and high density development will depend on a range of factors, not just townscape considerations set out within the UDS. Whilst our Client supports the identification of the Site as being located within an area identified as having opportunities for tall buildings, it is proposed that Clapham Junction Town Centre is identified as an area with 'Opportunities for tall building clusters and/or landmarks'.

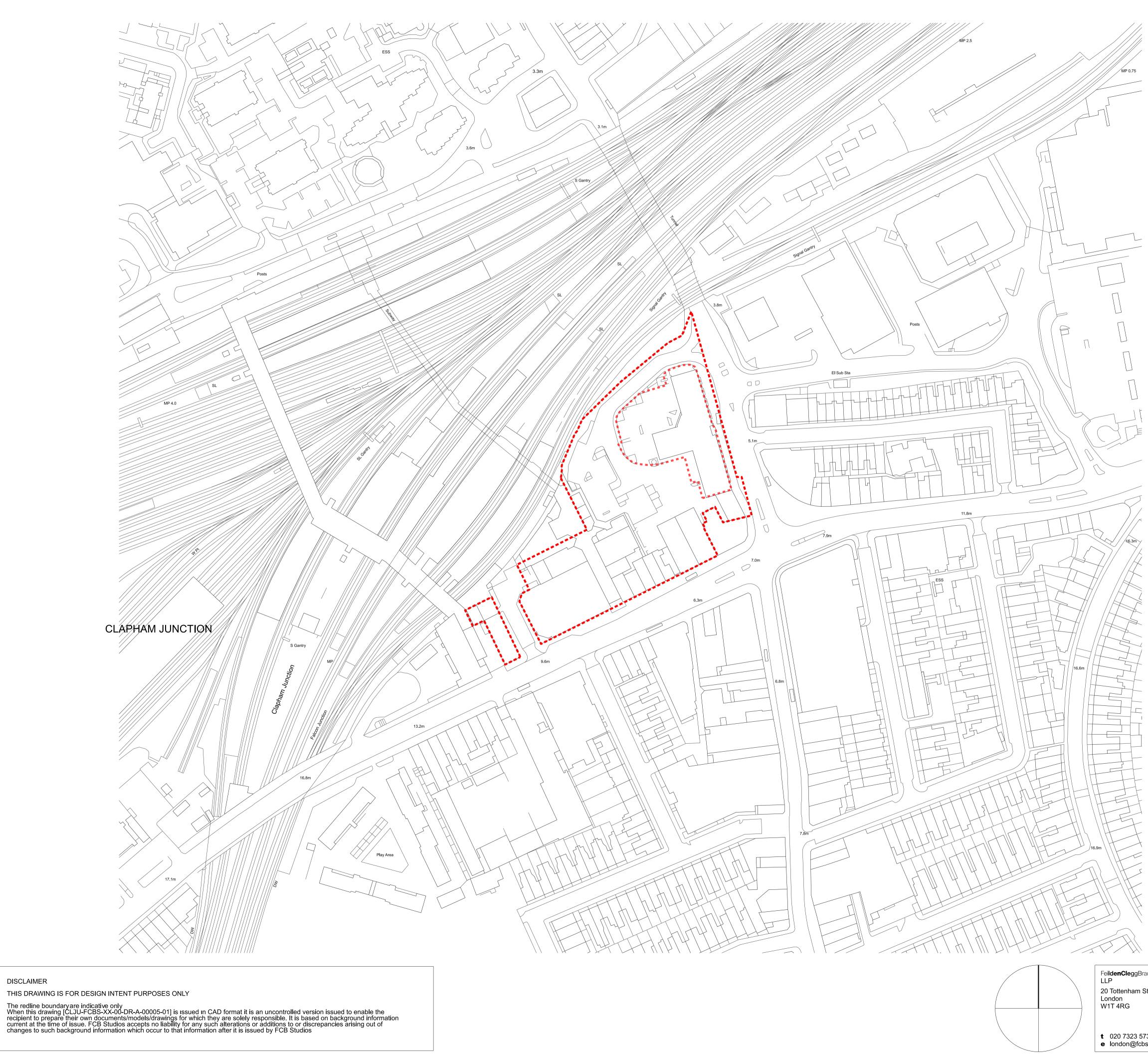
DTZIM intend to continue engaging with Network Rail and other key stakeholders to inform proposals for the redevelopment of the Site.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss the content of these representations further with the London Borough of Wandsworth and are keen to be involved in the forthcoming examination process. In the meantime, should you wish to discuss any of the above please do not hesitate to contact either Jeremy Evershed

or Emily Disken in the first instance.

Yours sincerely,

MONTAGU EVANS LLP



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Amendment

Clapham Junction London

Job/Drawing No CLJU-FCBS-XX-00-DR-A-00005 01 Site Boundary Scale 1:1000 (1:2000 @ A3)

Date 10.02.2021

Drawn Studio AW All dimensions to be checked on site

Date

Amendment

Original printed at A1

Do not scale